Number	EMI13
Indicator name	Amount of mixed municipal waste disposed of in landfills
Area	Μ
Indicator definition	The total amount of municipal waste produced, generated in the city/city district/municipality (after removal of sorted components) per year, which was disposed of at a municipal waste landfill. The amount of waste is then converted to the corresponding greenhouse gas emissions.
Indicator unit	kg CO₂e/pers.
Key words	Waste, waste management, landfilling
Reason for tracking and usability	In total, waste production represents 3 – 10 % of greenhouse gas emissions in the cities of the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic. Reducing the production of municipal waste through the prevention of waste generation or better utilization of waste and the introduction of the principles of circular economy therefore has a significant mitigation potential. The area of municipal waste management is in the competence of cities and this is the reason for including the indicator in Klimasken.
Completeness, representativeness, validity	The indicator is sufficiently representative if data on municipal waste management can be obtained. These are compulsorily reported for cities/city districts/municipalities, either by the statistical office or as part of environmental reporting. Validity can be reduced by the fact that the classification of waste according to the waste catalog and disposal methods is in some cases inaccurate and misleading.

Description of data processing	It is necessary to obtain data on the generated municipal waste from the statistics of waste production from the city. Municipal waste is all waste generated on the territory of the municipality during the activities of natural persons, which is listed as municipal waste in the law, with the exception of waste from entrepreneurs included in other categories. Municipal waste is also considered to be all waste generated in the municipality from trades, offices and the like, which is practically identical in composition to municipal waste. This is referred to as "municipal waste". Separately collected components are part of municipal waste. The input data of the indicator is the weight of municipal waste produced in the municipality per year without components of separate collection (plastics, paper, glass, metals, biodegradable waste) and without hazardous waste. Only unsorted municipal waste, which is disposed of at landfills, is included in the calculation of the indicator. The production of municipal waste disposed of in landfills is then recalculated within the instrument according to general emission factors into the corresponding greenhouse gas emissions, and these are related to one city inhabitant.
Data source	The primary source of data is the city/city district/municipality – environmental department, which keeps waste statistics. Furthermore, it is possible to correct the data by using the records of the operator of the local waste management system, which ensures the removal and disposal of waste (e.g. technical services).
Tracking frequency	Once every year
Urban influence	The city/city district/municipality and the organizations managed by them can directly influence the production and sorting of municipal waste in their facilities. They can also improve the sorting system (reachability, amount of sorted waste components) and raise awareness of citizens for better waste management.
Presentation method	The results will be presented in a uniform Klimasken framework on a five-point scale according to specified intervals (kg CO2e / inhabitant)
Responsibility	Processor KLIMASKEN, city, city district, municipality

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