

Number	POP11
Indicator name	Proportion of inhabitants living in family houses
Area	P
Indicator definition	Proportion of the population living in family houses from the total population of the city/city district/municipality
Indicator unit	%
Key words	housing, family houses
Reason for tracking and usability	The housing structure is an important sensitivity factor and is important for the size of the carbon footprint of the city/city district/municipality.
Completeness, representativeness, validity	The value of the indicator should come from a single source, which is possibly corrected by additional sources. Like the total population, this component may show a marked difference in statistics and reality. In addition, it can dynamically change in daily, weekly and seasonal rhythms.
Description of data processing	The number of inhabitants living in family houses is divided by the number of all inhabitants of the city/city district/municipality.
Data source	Official statistics.
Tracking frequency	In urban and municipal statistics, it should be monitored annually. For KLIMASKEN, the periodicity is assumed to be 2–3 years.
Urban influence	The share of the population can be influenced by the own housing policy of the city/city district/municipality, or indirectly by another initiative affecting the character of development and spatial planning.
Presentation method	Tabular value
Responsibility	Processor KLIMASKEN, city/city district/municipality